

MTSS-RtI Intervention Delivery Model

A Reference Guide for
Planning, Delivering and Monitoring Interventions



*A Multi-Tiered
System of Supports*

A large, stylized graphic of the state of Florida, rendered in various shades of blue. The map is layered and has a 3D effect, with some parts appearing to be cut out or layered on top of others. It occupies the lower half of the slide.

MTSS Implementation

Section 1

Intervention Groups - *Flowcharts by grade levels*

- Establishing and using cut scores to identify proficient and at-risk students
- Flowcharts for Reading
- Flowcharts for Math
- Ruling out students who are not in need of interventions
- Data Triangulation

Section 2

Intervention Delivery

Visual process for MTSS Intervention delivery:

- Intervention protocols – Combined approach
 - o Standard Protocol approach at Tier 2 and Problem Solving approach at Tier 3
- Intervention Frequency – How often should we provide interventions at each Tier
- Intervention Duration – How long should we provide interventions at each Tier?
- Progress Monitoring – What should we use to collect data?
- Response to Intervention Checkpoints – When do we review data?
- Decision Making – which teams make decisions about intervention data?

Section 3

MTSS-RtI Calendar of Events

- Blueprint for Intervention Planning: “Year at a Glance” Graphic
- Annual Calendar for intervention delivery, team meetings and fidelity checks
- Guiding Principles for response to intervention PLC meetings

Section 4

Intervention Delivery and Students’ Responses- *Student Outcomes and Intervention Fidelity*

- Monitoring Intervention Fidelity
 - Intervention fidelity walkthrough forms – *Brief Version - for classroom observations* (70% or more fidelity expected)
- Creating student goals
- Monitoring student outcomes
 - Small group student outcomes (70% or more students demonstrating response to intervention)
- Determining Response to Intervention
 - Four data point method for Good, Poor, and Questionable
- Progress monitoring year at a glance

Which Students are in Need of Interventions?



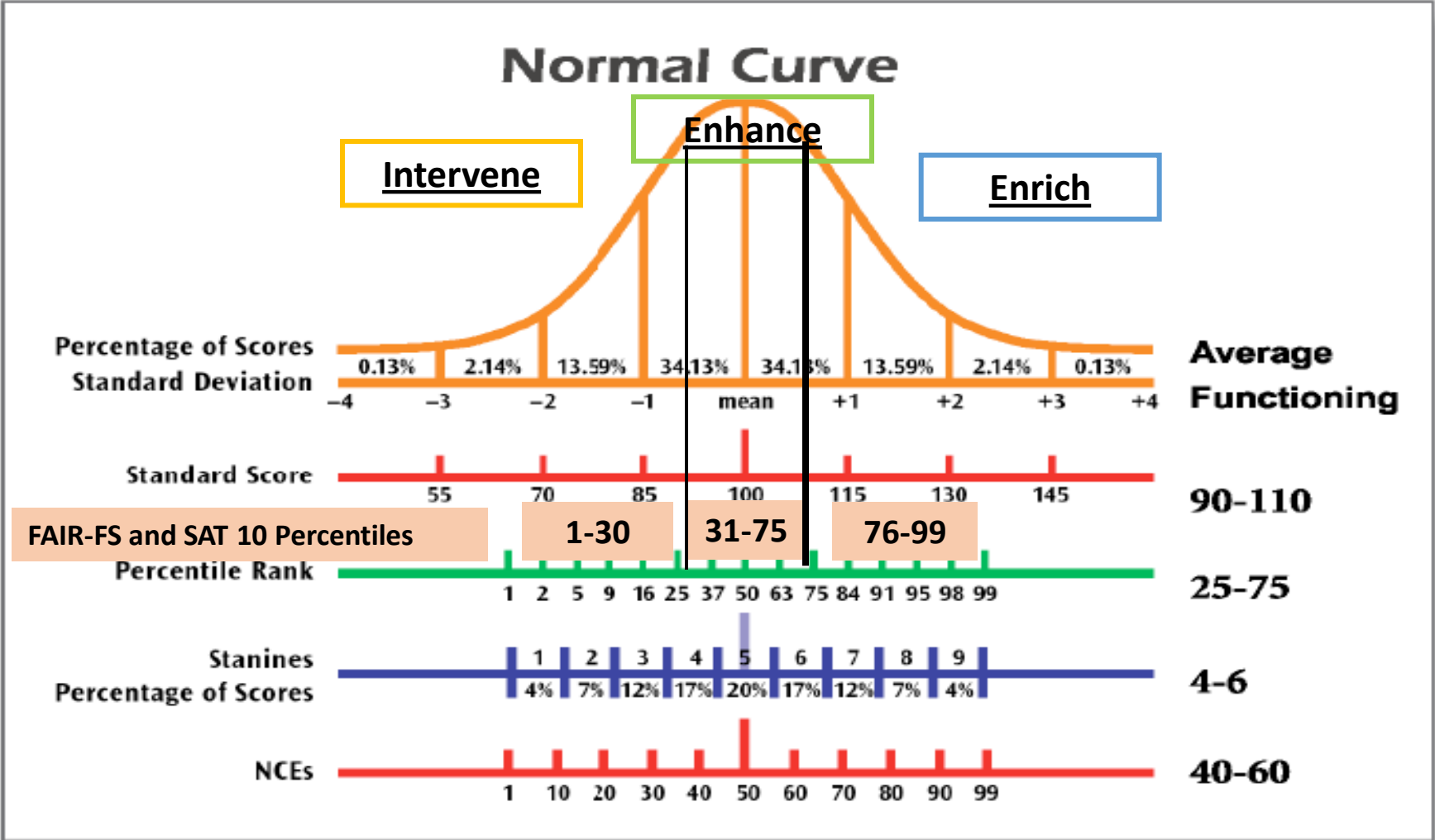
Section 1

CREATING STUDENT GROUPS

Early Identification of Proficient and At-risk Students

Parameters (cut scores) for I/E Blocks

- *Cut scores helps us to identify student groups for intervention, enhancement and enrichment.*



What do these cut scores look like based on normative classifications?

Result		Classification of Performance	
Standard score range	Percentile rank range	Descriptive	Normative
>131 121-130 116-120	98-99+ 92-97 85-97 Tier 1 Enrichment	Very superior Superior Above average	Normative strength; 16% of the population
111-115 90-110 85-89	76-84 25-75 Tier Enhancement 16-24 Tier 2 Interventions	High average Average Low average	Normal limits; 68% of the population
80-84 70-79 < 69	9-15 3-8 < 2 Tier 3 Interventions	Below average Deficient Very deficient	Normative weakness; 16% of the population

Note. Classifications are based on those described in Flanagan and Ortiz (2001) and Flanagan, Ortiz, Alfonso, and Mascolo (2002) and were adapted from Woodcock and Mather (1989)

FAIR-FS and SAT 10 Percentiles: 76-99 (Enrichment) 31-75 (Enhance) 1-30 (Intervene)

MTSS Parameters for Tiered Instruction

HCPS Parameters Flowchart

Tier 1

Enrichment Groups:

High Average – Very Superior Scores

Reserved for students above grade level expectations.

Provide extension and enrichment activities to accelerate core performance.

No PS/RtI documentation is required for this group of students.

Tier 1

Enhancement Groups:

Average Scores

Reserved for students at or slightly below grade level expectations.

Provide re-teaching of core concepts and strategies to enhance core performance

No PS/RtI documentation is required for this group of students.

Tier 2

Intervention Groups:

Low Average Scores

Reserved for students below expectations and who need targeted interventions to improve skill deficits.

Based on group profiles, students identified for Tier 2 support will need to be matched to district approved Tier 2 interventions following a standard protocol approach.
(SB 87073 Required)

Tier 3

Intervention Groups:

Below Average – Very Deficient Scores

Reserved for students significantly below expectations and who need targeted interventions to improve major skill deficits.

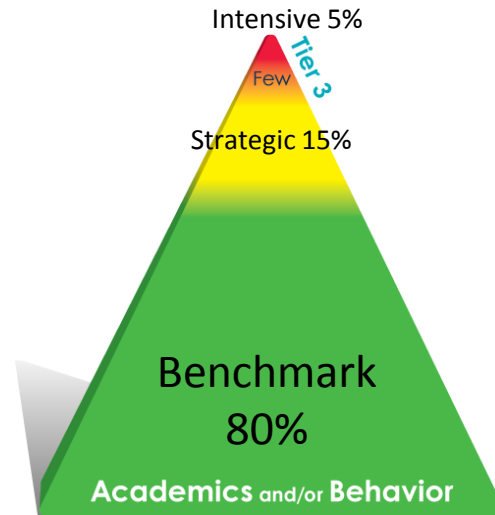
Tier 3 teams will need to engage in the 4-step problem solving process to determine underlying deficits and provide immediate, intensive targeted Tier 3 interventions.
(SB 87074 Required).

Intervention Flowcharts for Data Sorting in Elementary Schools.

Reading: K, 1, 2, 3, 3-5

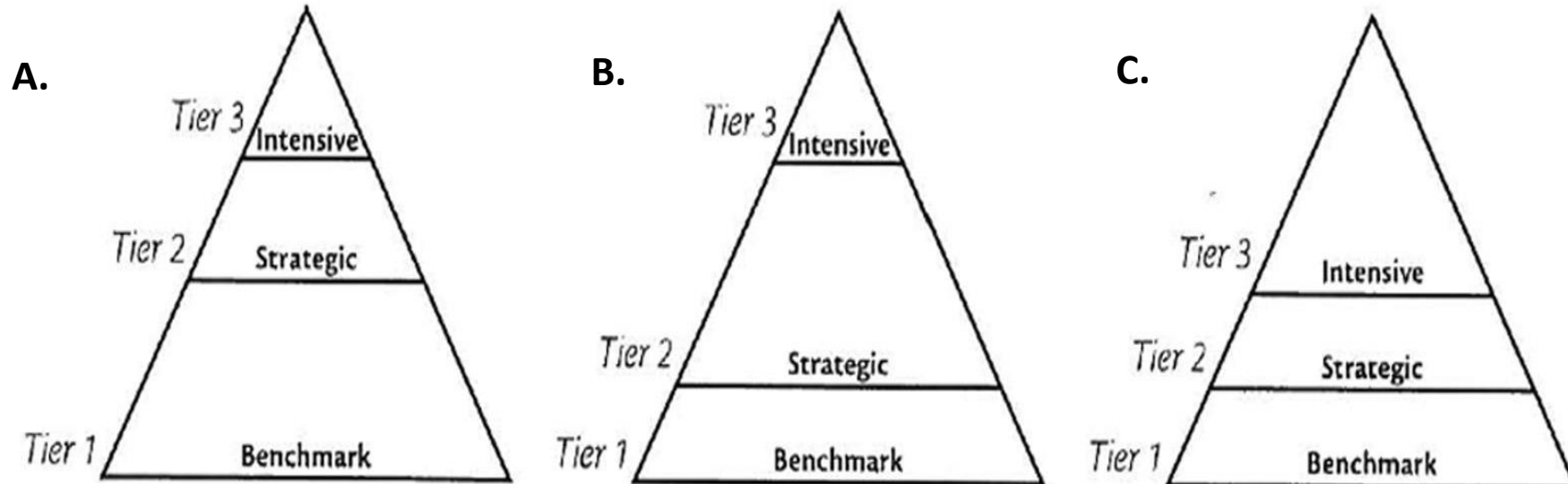
Math: K-1, 1-2, 3-5

Upside-down Pyramid Myth

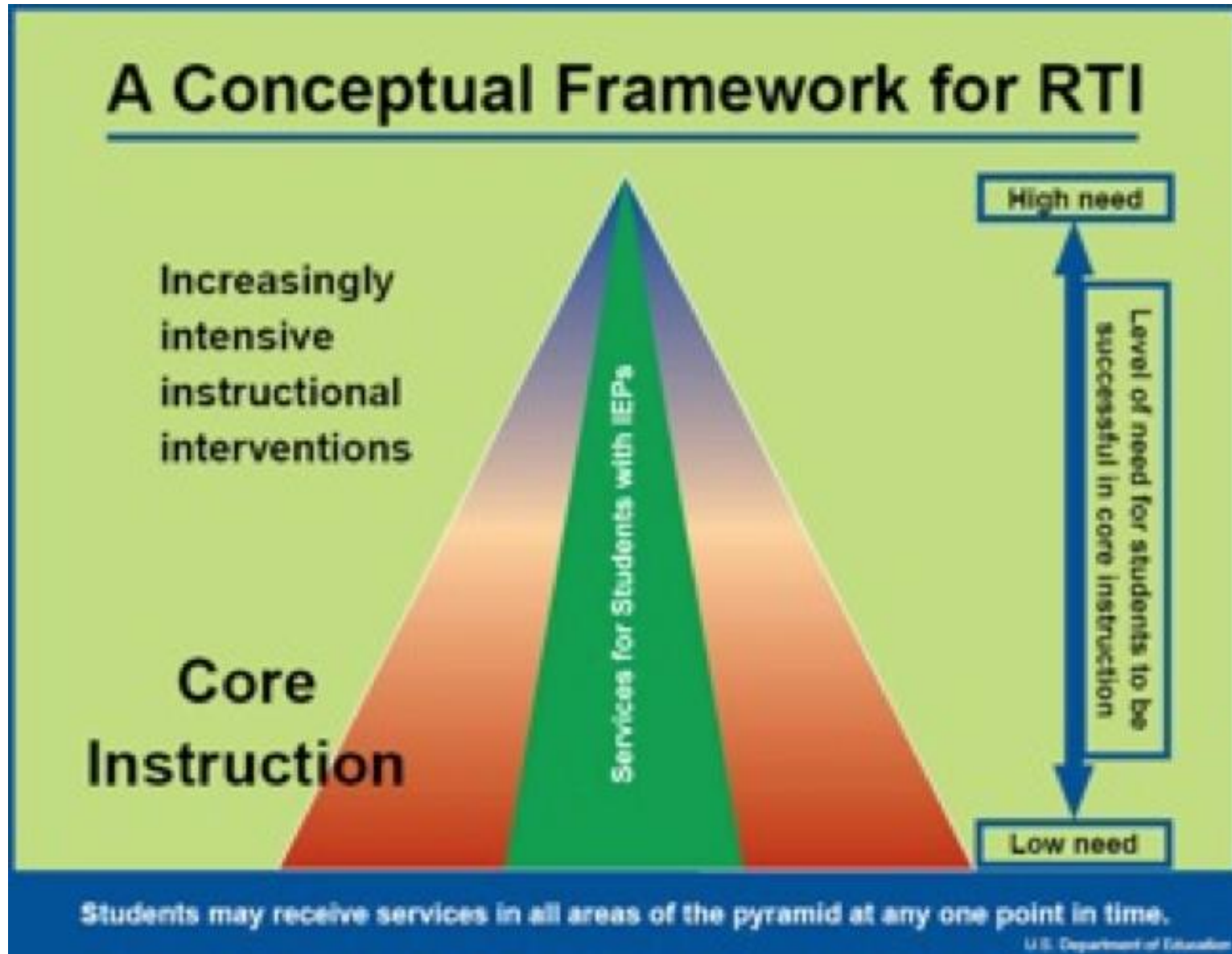


Think of the 80-15-5 illustration as the goal or the optimal configuration for your pyramid.

It is common to find a range of performance from school to school. Which would suggest a different look for the pyramid. The pyramid is a guide, a way to help educators understand the variation of services that may be needed to meet the needs of ALL their students.



What about ESE and ELL Students?





True and False Positives and Negatives

Data Triangulation

Considering True and False Positive/ Negative Indicators

Considering True and False Positives and Negatives when Sorting Student Data

	At-Risk	Not At Risk	
Needs Intervention Support	<p>True Positive Below level 3 on FCAT; Below 30th percentile FAIR-FS RC</p>	<p>False Negative Below level 3 on FCAT; Above 30th percentile FAIR-FS RC <u>Retained student above the 30th percentile FAIR-FS RC</u> </p>	<p><i>Plan intervention groups for these students because they are all below grade level standards although some performed above expectations on the universal screener (FAIR).</i></p>
Does Not Need Intervention Support	<p>False Positive At or above level 3 on FCAT; Below 30th percentile on FAIR-FS RC </p>	<p>True Negative At or above level 3 on FCAT; Above 30th percentile on FAIR-FS RC</p>	<p><i>Plan enhancement and enrichment groups for these students because they are all meeting grade level standards although some performed below level on the universal screener (FAIR).</i></p>

Intervene

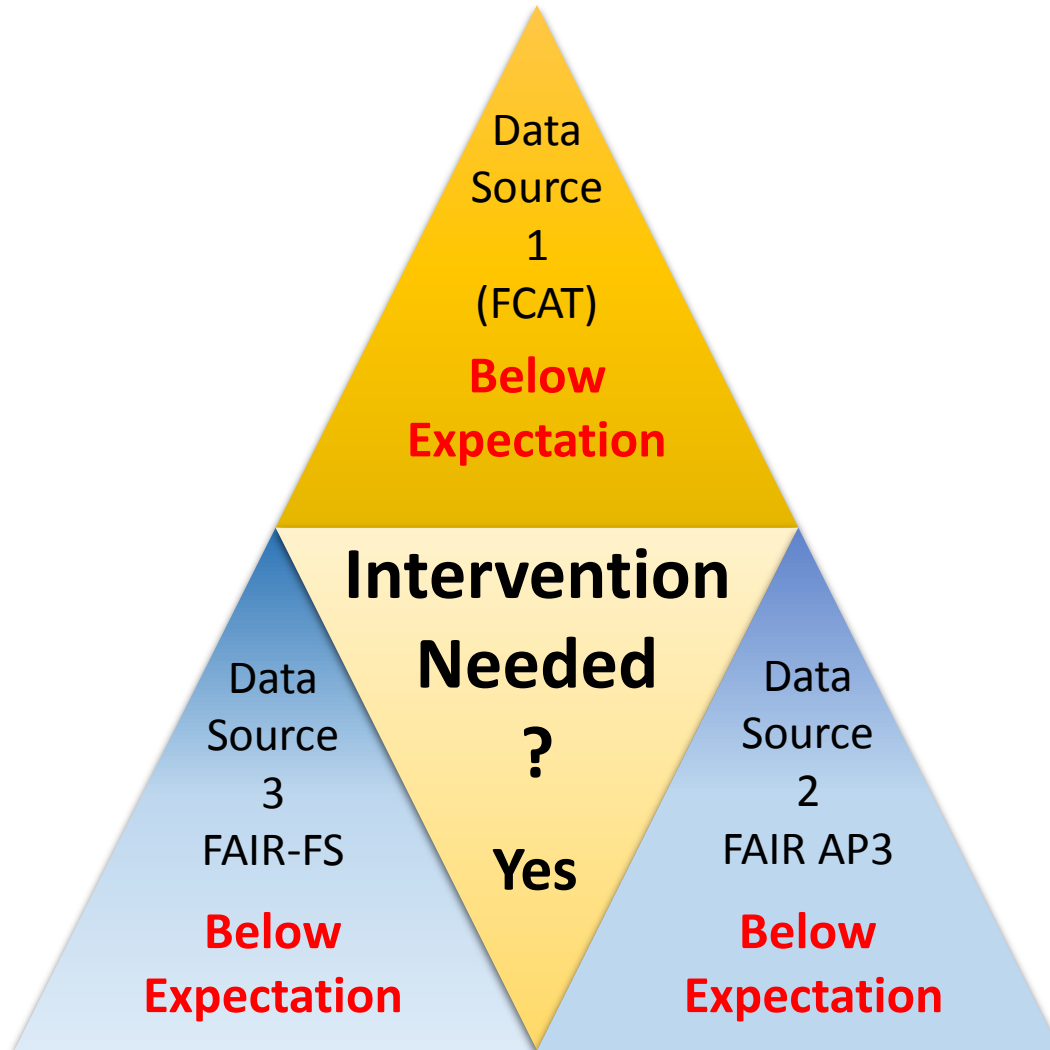
- **True positive**- Data indicates student is at risk for failure and in reality does need intervention support
- **False negative**- Data indicates student is not at risk for failure but in reality is in need of support

Enrich/Enhance

- **False positive**- Data indicates student is at-risk for failure but in reality does not need intervention support
- **True negative**- Data indicates student is not at risk for failure and in reality is not in need intervention support

Data Triangulation for Validation

Considering True and False Positives/Negatives



Intervention: Yes No

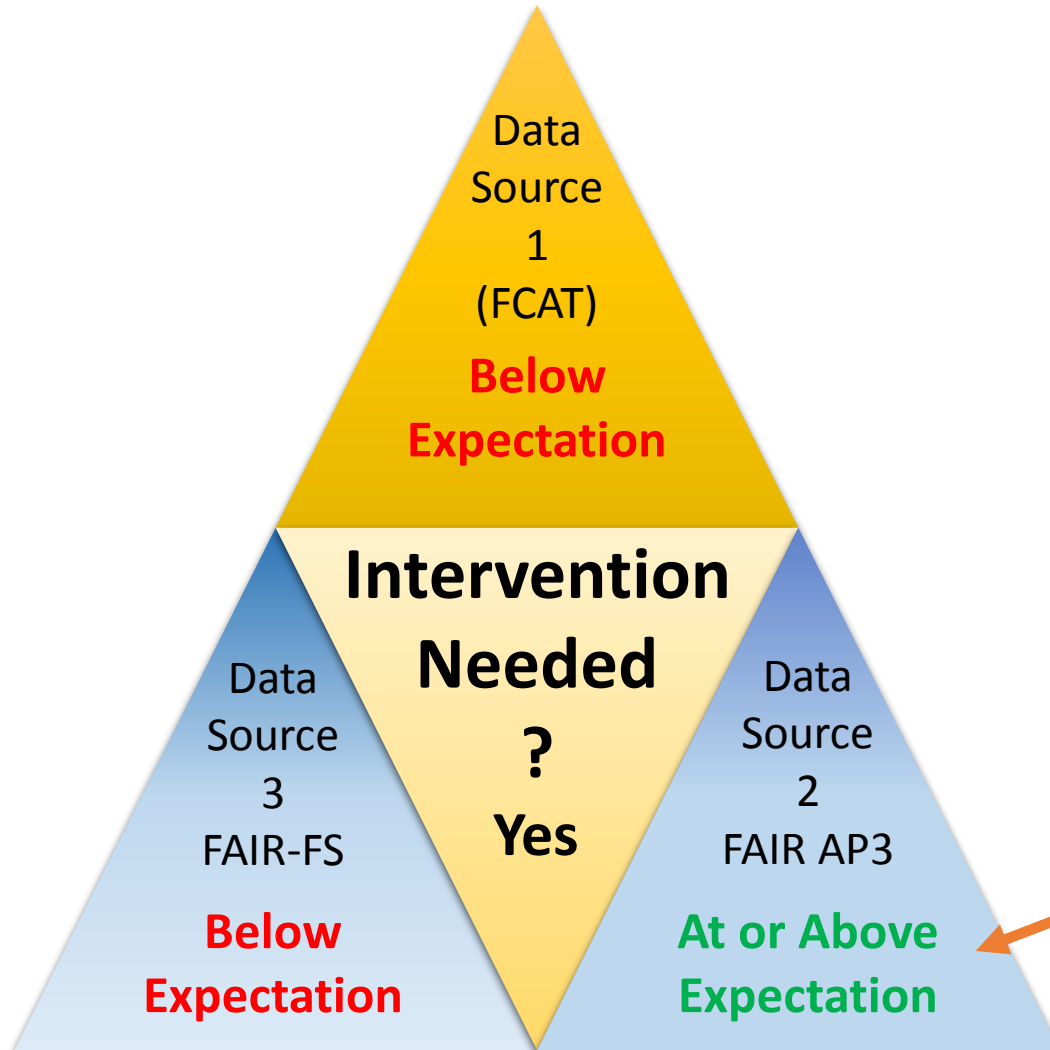
Three valid and reliable data sources fell in the “at-risk” range, indicating a true need for intervention supports.

True Positive:

All data sources indicate student is at risk for failure and in reality does need intervention support

Data Triangulation with FAIR-FS

Considering True and False Positives and Negatives



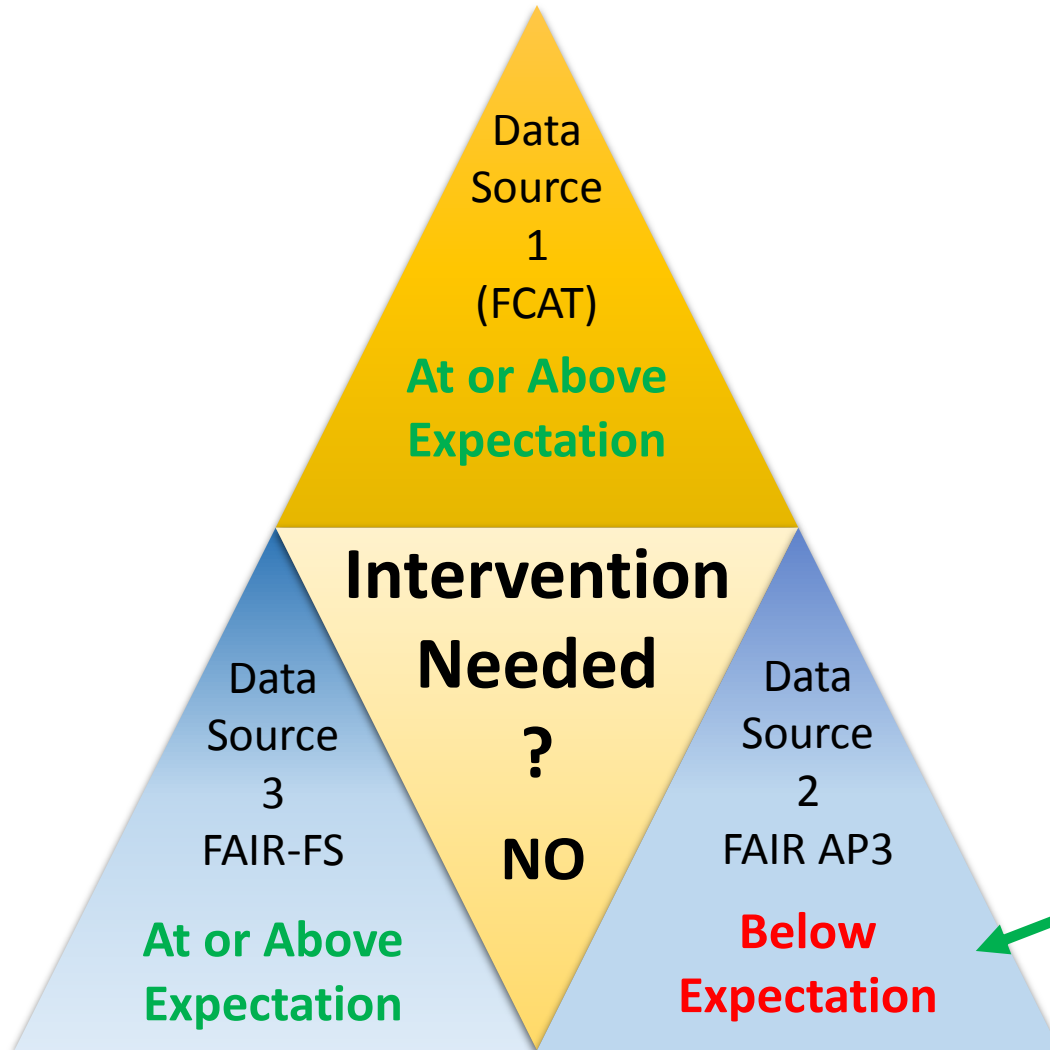
Intervention: **Yes** No

Two out of the three valid and reliable data sources fell in the “at-risk” range, indicating a true need for intervention supports.

False Negative:
Data source indicates student is not at risk for failure, but in reality is in need of support.

Data Triangulation for Validation

Considering True and False Positives/Negatives



Intervention: Yes **No**

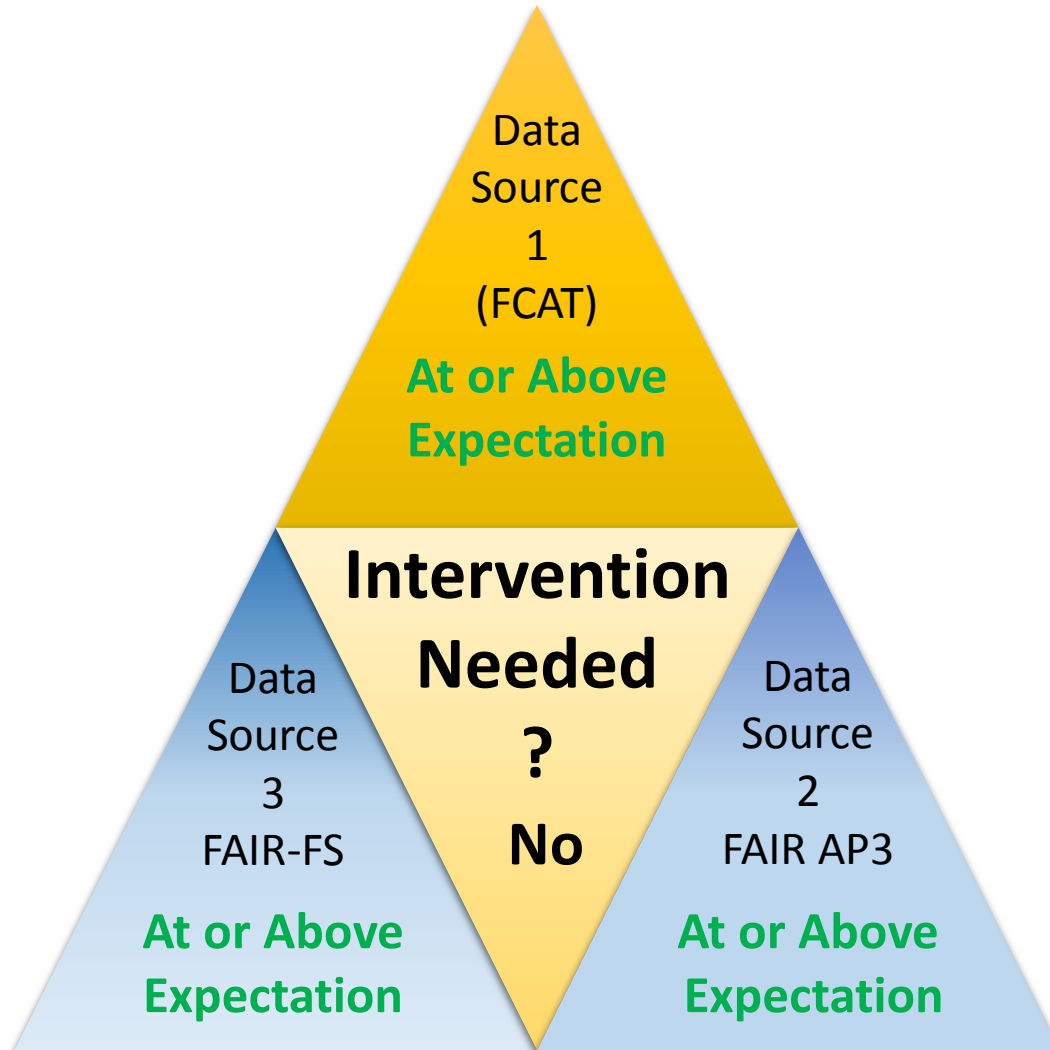
Two out of the three valid and reliable data sources did not indicate risk.

False Positive:

Data source indicates student is at risk for failure, but in reality does not need of support.

Data Triangulation for Validation

Considering True and False Positives/Negatives



Intervention: Yes **No**

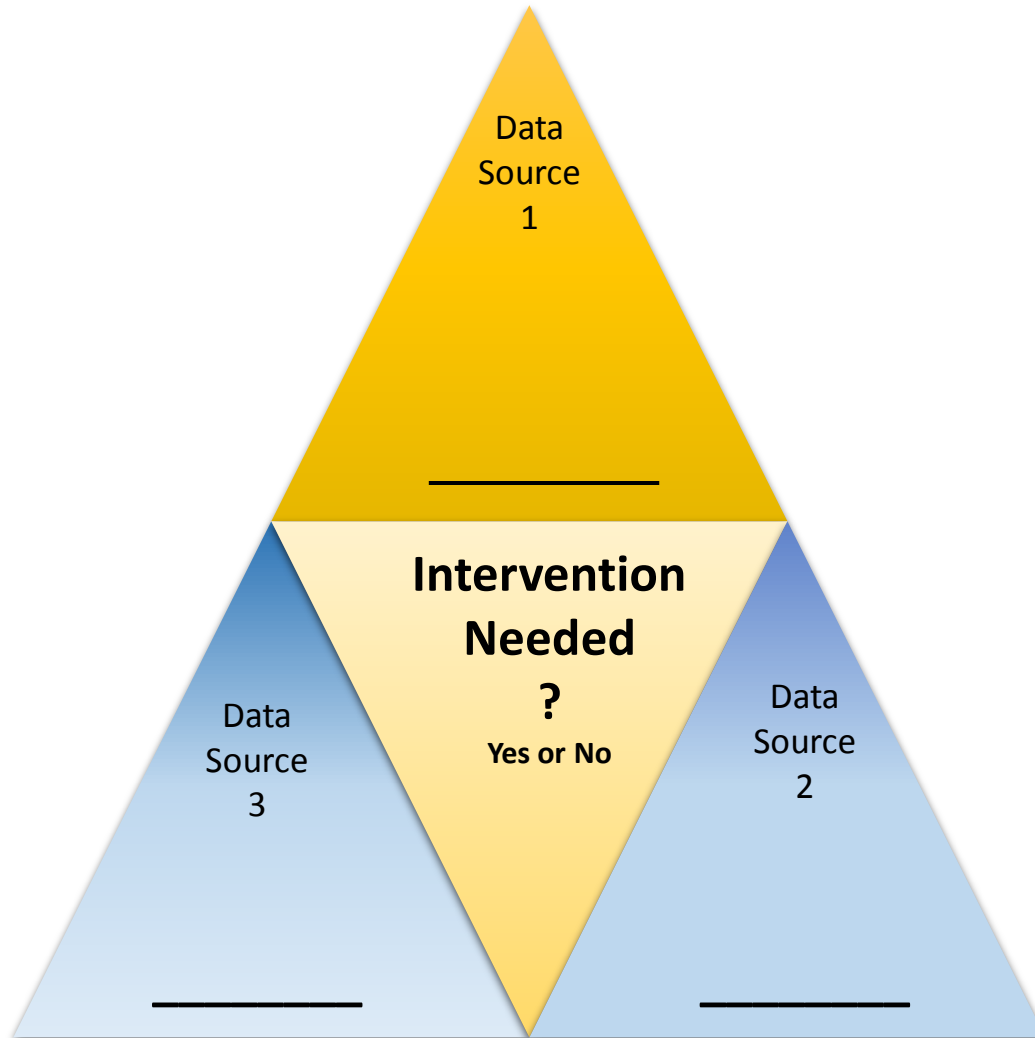
Three valid and reliable data sources indicated student is not in need for intervention supports.

True Negative:

All data sources indicate student is not at risk for failure and in reality does not need intervention support

Data Triangulation with Grades 3-5

Guiding Questions:



Using additional data to validate continued need for Intervention: (FAIR FS Example)

- 1. Did the student receive a level 1 or 2 on FCAT during the previous school year?**
 - If **“yes”**, this is a student who requires intervention support per Florida State Rule 6A-6.054.
 - If **“no”**, consider data from FAIR AP3 and FAIR-FS (when available) to determine the need for tiered supports for skill enhancement or enrichment.
- 1. Are at least two out of the three data sources within the “intervention” range (FCAT/SAT-10, FAIR AP3, FAIR-FS AP1) ?**
 - If **“yes”**, this is a student who **continues** to display a need for intervention.
 - If **“no”**, review HCPS intervention parameters to determine the need for enhancement or enrichment supports.
 - If only one out of three data sources fell within the “intervention” range, consider the possibility that the below expectation score may be a false positive indicator.

Keeping Parents Informed



- Overview of MTSS-Rtl parent letter and/or brochure
 - MTSS-Rtl parent information letter or brochure provides an overview of MTSS-Rtl in HCPS and at your school.
 - Can be mailed to parents along with all other school documents at the beginning of the school year.
 - Can be distributed during parent conference night and other large parent meetings.
- Tiered Notification Letters
 - Letters for Enrichment, Enhancement and Intervention describes the support that students will receive at each tier during the 30 minute Intervention/Enrichment blocks
 - Can be sent after initial data sorts when student groups have been established.
 - Can also be provided to parents during a parent conferences.

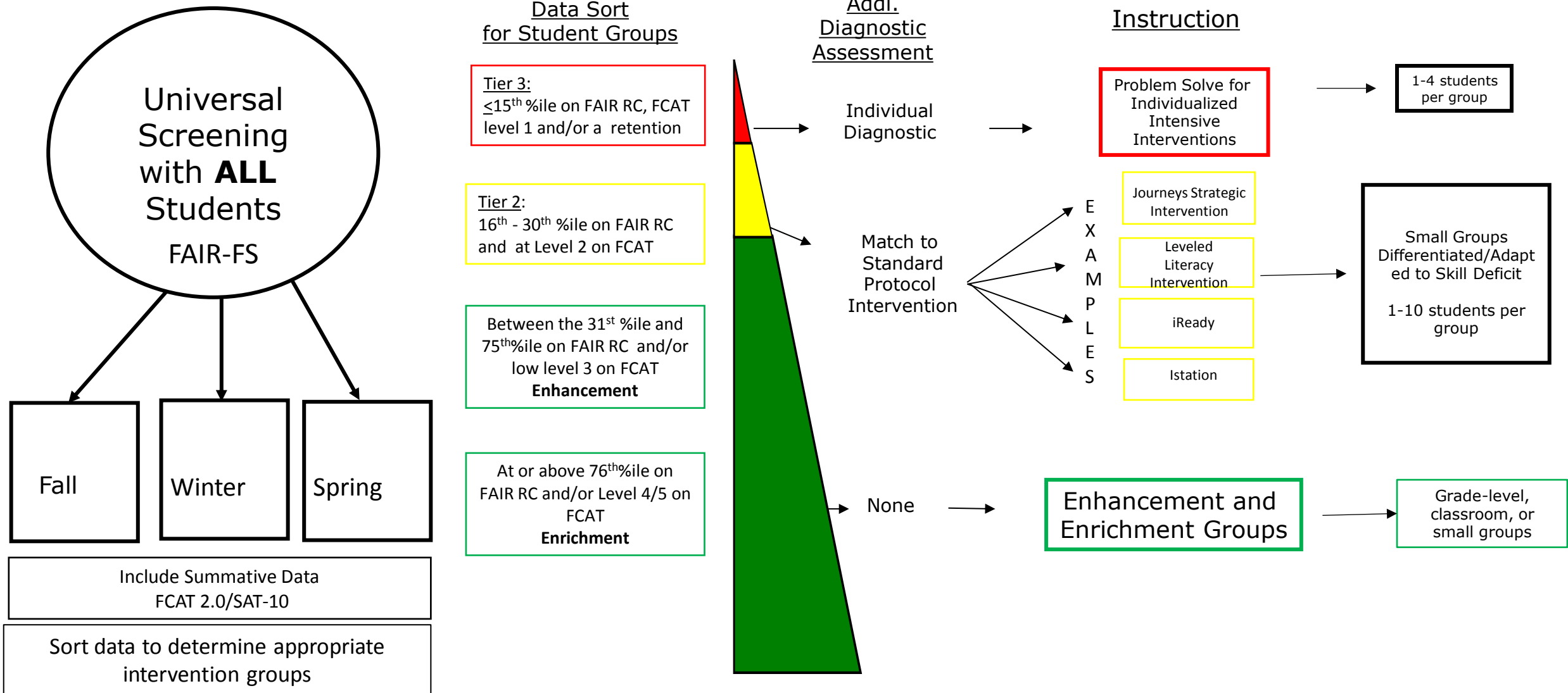
Section 2

INTERVENTION DELIVERY

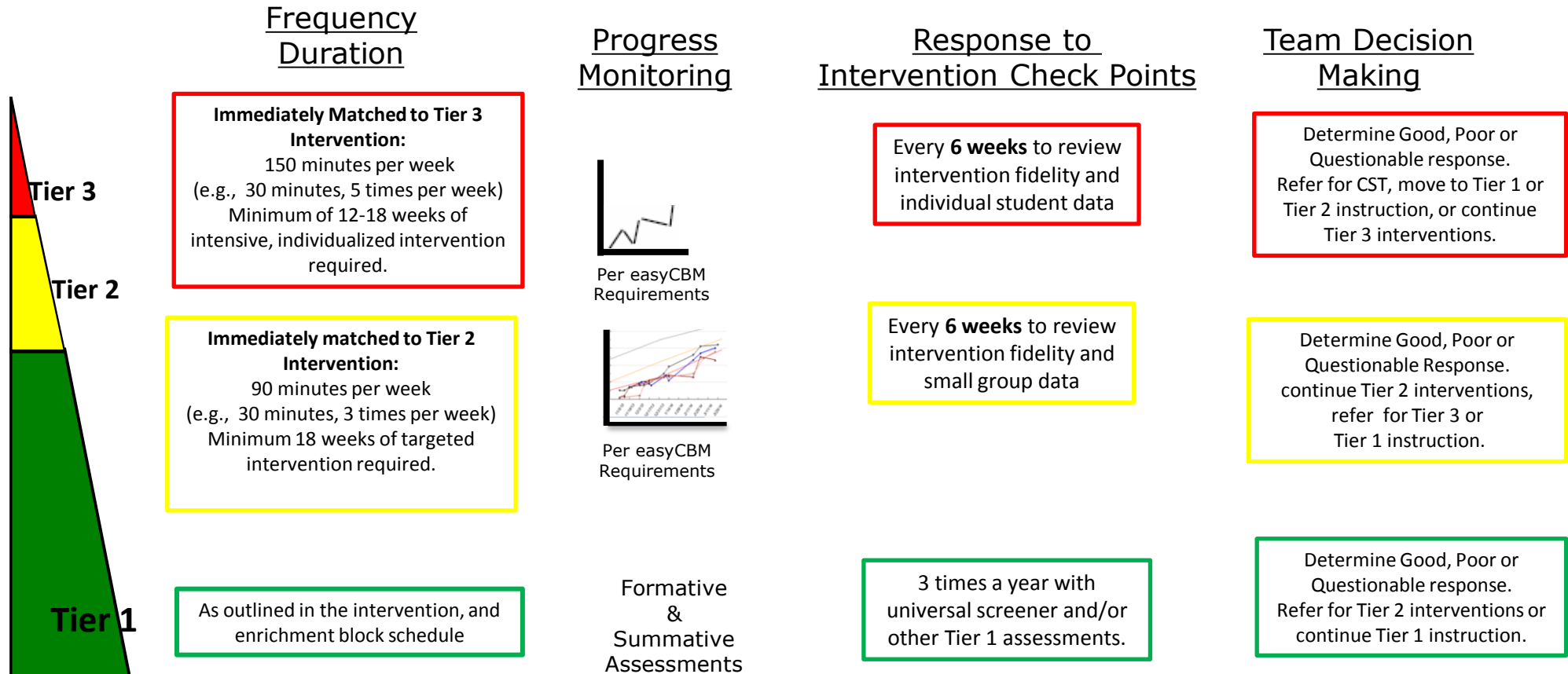
Visual Overview of MTSS Intervention Delivery Protocols

Standard Protocol and Problem Solving Protocol

MTSS Process for Intervention Delivery



Intervention Duration, Frequency and Monitoring



i.e., 90 minutes a week of istation computer assisted learning (Tier 2)+
 60 minutes of teacher led instruction with istation lessons (Tier 3) = 150 minutes s per week.

SECTION 3

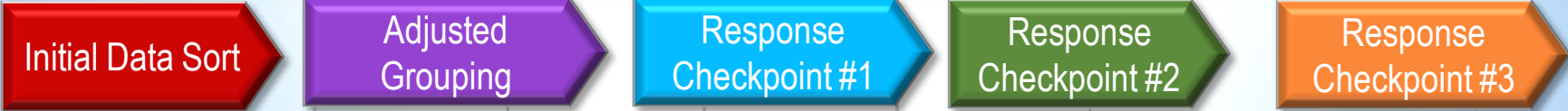
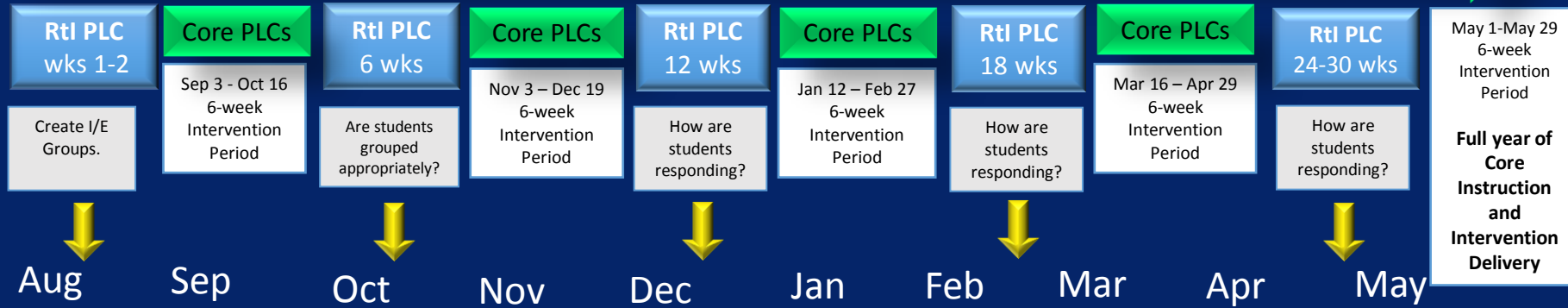
PLANNING YOUR YEAR FOR MTSS-RTI

Scheduling opportunities for intervention delivery, fidelity walk-throughs and team meetings

MTSS- Rtl Calendar of Events for Intervention Planning and Delivery

**Published by MTSS-Rtl Services
2014-2015**

Continuous Core Assessments and Instructional Planning



What: Identify I/E need and form groups

Who: RLT/PSLT organizes grade level data sources to be further sorted at the intervention planning PLC for I/E grouping

Data Sources: FCAT/SAT-10
FAIR Classic (AP3)

What: Refine and adjust groups through data triangulation

Who: RLT/PSLT organizes grade level data sources to be further sorted for adjusted I/E grouping at PLC

Data Sources: Grouping Data- FAIR-FS AP1
Response Data- easyCBM

What: Evaluate response to intervention, adjust groups, and/or modify interventions; assign any newly enrolled students to an I/E group

Who: RLT/PSLT organizes grade level data sources to be further sorted for adjusted I/E grouping at PLC

Data Sources: Grouping Data- FAIR-FS AP2
Response Data- easyCBM

What: Evaluate response to intervention, adjust groups, and/or modify interventions; assign any newly enrolled students to an I/E group

Who: PLC interventionists with support from PSLT Liaison/RLT will analyze graphed data from intervention groups

Data Sources: Response Data- easyCBM

What: Evaluate response to intervention, adjust groups, and/or modify interventions; assign any newly enrolled students to an I/E group

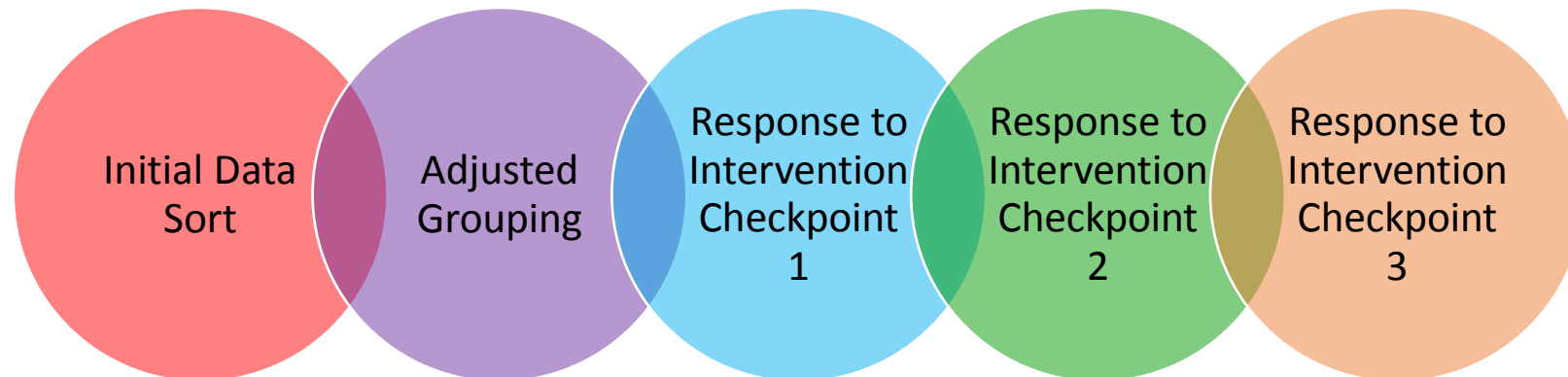
Who: PLC interventionists with support from PSLT Liaison/RLT will analyze graphed data from intervention groups

Data Sources: Response Data- easyCBM

Core PLCs review core assessment data to determine students response to core instruction and implement core instructional strategies.

Guiding Principles for RtI PLC Meetings

Please use the upcoming color coded documents at the listed color coded meetings:



Guiding Principles

Rtl PLC: Initial Data Sort

Timeline: Beginning of the Year/Weeks 1-2

Data Sorting

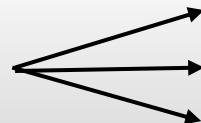
- Review:** Review grade level data broadly sorted by PSLT/RLT with HCPS parameters for intervention, enrichment, and enhancement
- Sort:** For students in need of **intervention**, PLC will use the FAIR Decision Tree to create targeted skill groups (FAIR AP3 only)

Validation

Consider false positive and false negative indicators when determining the need for intervention. Use the “True and False positive and negatives” reference sheets to guide inquiry.

I/E Skill Grouping

Select a priority skill/target for group focus



- Intervention:** LAFS Foundational Skills (PA, P, F)
- Enhancement:** LAFS Foundational skills and/or Core Standards
- Enrichment:** Core or Advanced Standards (LAFS and/or MAFS)

Intervention Selection

I/E Block Instructional Activities

Meets Tier 2 intervention criteria:	Meets Tier 3 intervention criteria:
Match group to appropriate HCPS standard intervention protocol	Place in I/E skill group and provide additional individualized, intensive supports as determined by the Tier 3 Team.

Progress Monitoring

Intervention Groups:	Required: YES Tool: easyCBM (biweekly)
Enhancement/Enrichment:	Required: NO Tool: Core Assessments/FAIR, Formative, Performance Tasks

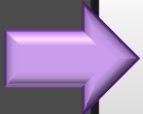
Baseline Data Collection: Begin collecting data Immediately following initial data sort . For students receiving intervention, this data will serve as “baseline” for setting the group and individual SMART goals required at the next review point. To determine the appropriate tool for assessment see *the easyCBM Quick Reference Guide*.

Guding Principles

RtI PLC: Adjusted Grouping

Timeline: Weeks 6-8 of school

**Data
Sorting**



Use the newly obtained FAIR-FS RC%ile (AP1) for adjusting and refining intervention groups formed during the initial data sort.

**Validation:
Triangulation &
Diagnostics**



Group Adjustments: PLC will validate that students are matched to the most appropriate type of I/E group through data **triangulation** using three data sources: FCAT/SAT-10, FAIR AP3, and FAIR-FS AP1.

Skill Refinement: PLC will validate that the I/E group focus has been correctly identified and skills are precisely targeted by administering additional **diagnostic assessment** as needed (**See table below for guidance**).

I/E Group:	Type	When:	Who:	What:
Meets Tier 2 intervention criteria	Informal Diagnostic	Between Weeks 1-12	TBD by PLC	<i>Ex: Words Their Way Spelling Inventory</i>
Meets Tier 3 intervention criteria	Formal Diagnostic	TBD by Tier 3 Team	TBD by Tier 3 Team	<i>Ex: Comprehensive Test of Phonological Processing</i>
Enhancement/Enrichment	Core Assessments	As Needed	TBD by PLC	<i>Ex: Standards based Item analysis from FCAT Form A</i>

**Ongoing
Progress
Monitoring**



Baseline Data	Use easyCBM baseline data collected since the initial data sort to create the group's SMART goal, which will be required for evaluating response to intervention at the 12, 18, and 24-30 week check points. Document SMART Goal on PS/RtI Form SB 87073. For student's receiving Tier 3 intervention, individual SMART goals are required (SB 87074)
SMART Goal	Use easyCBM progress monitoring tools for setting SMART Goal. Goals should be set based period of intervention using 6 week intervals (6, 12, 18, 24, 30 weeks). Use easyCBM Quick Reference Guide to determine expected rate of growth per week.

**Evaluating
Response**



Progress Monitoring: To evaluate response, a minimum of 4-6 easyCBM data points will be required.

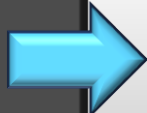
Evaluation: Refer to the *Decision Rules for Analysis of Trend*

Guiding Principles

RtI PLC: Response Checkpoint #1

Timeline: Weeks 12-15 of school

**Data
Sorting**



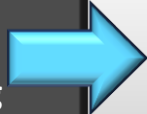
Use the newly obtained FAIR-FS RC%ile (AP2) to support adjusting and refining intervention groups formed during the initial data sort.

Validation



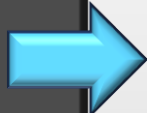
Review results from easyCBM, FAIR-FS, and any additional informal or formal diagnostics to determine which students may be removed from an intervention group and placed in an enhancement group. Students must be showing **“Good”** response to intervention.

**Ongoing
Progress
Monitoring**



Review easyCBM: Review 4 most recent easyCBM data points to evaluate group and individual response (SMART Goal must be in place) .
Requirement: Minimum of 4 data points
Guideline: 6-8 data points available for review by weeks 12-15

**Evaluating
Response**



Step 1	Evaluate each student’s response	Use <i>Decision Rules for Analysis of Trend</i> to determine if response “good, poor, questionable”
Step 2	Evaluate each intervention group’s response	Use <i>Data Driven Decision Making Guide</i> to evaluate group’s response. Use guide to determine next steps. (+SO = ≥ 70% had a “good” response, +IF = ≥ 70% rating for fidelity)
Step 3	Prepare for next steps	Continue intervention, implement strategies to promote fidelity, or modify/change intervention.

- For students who have received well documented Tier 3 supports for at least 12-18 weeks (for example, retained students), a possible next step may include referral to CST for consideration of a multidisciplinary evaluation.
- For students who have received well documented Tier 2 supports for at least 15-18 weeks, possible next steps may include referral to Tier 3 Team to determine need for intensive supports (Tier 3) and formal diagnostics needed to support in the 4 step problem-solving process.

Guiding Principles

RtI PLC: Response Checkpoint #2

Timeline: Week 18 of school

**Data
Sorting**



Use the newly obtained FAIR-FS RC%ile (AP2), easyCBM progress monitoring data, and any additional formal/informal diagnostic information for refining and adjusting intervention groups formed during the initial data sort.

Validation



Review results from easyCBM progress monitoring data, FAIR-FS, and any additional informal or formal diagnostics to determine which students may be removed from an intervention group and placed in an enhancement group. Students must be showing **“Good”** response to intervention.

**Ongoing
Progress
Monitoring**



Review easyCBM: Review 4 most recent easyCBM data points to evaluate group and individual response (SMART Goal must be in place) .
Requirement: Minimum of 6-8 data points
Guideline: 9-12 data points available for review by weeks 12-15

**Evaluating
Response**



Step 1	Evaluate each student’s response	Use <i>Decision Rules for Analysis of Trend</i> to determine if response “good, poor, questionable”
Step 2	Evaluate each intervention group’s response	Use <i>Data Driven Decision Making Guide</i> to evaluate group’s response. Use guide to determine next steps. (+SO = ≥ 70% had a “good” response, +IF = ≥ 70% rating for fidelity)
Step 3	Prepare for next steps	Continue intervention, implement strategies to promote fidelity, or modify/change intervention

- For students who have received well documented Tier 3 supports for at least 12-18 weeks (for example, retained students), a possible next step may include referral to CST for consideration of a multidisciplinary evaluation.
- For students who have received well documented Tier 2 supports for at least 15-18 weeks, possible next steps may include referral to Tier 3 Team to determine need for intensive supports (Tier 3) and formal diagnostics needed to support in the 4 step problem-solving process.

Guiding Principles

RtI PLC: Response Checkpoint #3

Timeline: Week 24-30 of school

**Ongoing
Progress
Monitoring**

Review CBM: Review 4 most recent easyCBM data points to evaluate group and individual response (SMART Goal must be in place).
Requirement: Minimum of 8-12 data points
Guideline: 12-15 data points available for review by weeks 24-30

**Evaluating
Response**

Step 1	Evaluate each student's response	Use <i>Decision Rules for Analysis of Trend</i> to determine if response "good, poor, questionable"
Step 2	Evaluate each intervention group's response	Use <i>Data Driven Decision Making Guide</i> to evaluate group's response. Use guide to determine next steps. (+SO = ≥ 70% had a "good" response, +IF = ≥ 70% rating for fidelity)
Step 3	Prepare for next steps	Continue intervention, implement strategies to promote fidelity, or modify/change intervention, refer to Tier 3 Team

Possible next steps may include:

- Referral to Tier 3 Team to document initiation of Tier 3 supports for the following school year.
- For students who have received Tier 3 supports for at least 12 weeks beyond Tier 2 (15-18 weeks of Tier 2 intervention required). Tier 3 Team may refer to CST for consideration of the multidisciplinary evaluation.

At the last RtI PLC meeting, ensure all documentation is complete for students who have received intervention throughout the school year.

Provide PSLT Liaison with all PS/RtI documents needed for the student's cumulative school record upon request.

- Documentation will be reviewed to determine need for summer reading camp and may be used by school and/or district level Promotion/Retention Committees

August

2014

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SAT/SUN
28 July	29	30	31	1 August	2/3
4	5	6	7	8	9/10
11	12	13 Professional Study Day	14	15	16/17
18	19 Students' First Day of School FLKRS (8/19-9/30)	20 Schedule RtI PLCs for Initial data sorts to occur between 8/19-9/2	21	22	23/24
25 Hold a PSLT Meeting for school-wide data review and planning Math Formative 1: Gr 3-5 (8/25-9/5) Science Formative: Gr 5 (8/25-9/5) KRT (8/25-10/10)	26 Review RtI Documentation and data from the previous school year to determine next steps for those students. <u>NO, YOU DO NOT NEED TO START OVER!!!!!!</u>	27	28	29	30/31



September

2014

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SAT/SUN
1 September FAIR-FS AP1 Begins: Gr. K-5 → (9/2-10/24)	2 Initial Data Sorts should be completed By 9/2	3 6-week Intervention Period #1 Begins (9/3-10/16)	4 Reading Coaches will send a list of students identified for interventions to the RtI facilitator. easyCBM licenses will be assigned for these students.	5	6/7
8 EasyCBM Assessments	Opportunities for Response to Intervention meetings (PLCs /Tier 3 Team Meetings)				13/14
15 PSLT Meeting for school-wide data review	16 PLC: Tier 1 Instructional Planning (Formative Results)	17 Possible Intervention Fidelity Check	18	19	20/21
22 EasyCBM Assessments	Opportunities for Response to Intervention meetings (Tier 3 Team Meetings)				27/28
29	30 PLC: Tier 1 Instructional Planning (Formative Results)				

Early in the school year students will be completing universal screening assessment; however, the initial data sort can be completed without waiting for all assessment to be completed. With the initial data sort groups for enrichment, enhancement and intervention, the intention is to use summative assessment outcomes from the previous school year and AP3 screening data for the early identification of struggling readers. During this intervention period, interventionists will begin collecting baseline data with easyCBM progress monitoring assessments This data will be needed to set a SMART goal, which is extremely important for applying RtI decision rules made at subsequent response checkpoints. Use the red Guiding Principles for Initial Data Sorting document to guide the PLC data sort discussion.

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SAT/SUN
		1 October Possible Intervention Fidelity Check	2	3	4/5
6 EasyCBM Assessments	Opportunities for Response to Intervention meetings (Tier 3 Team Meetings)				11/12
13 ELA Interim Assessment Gr. 2-5 10/13-10/17	14 PLC: Tier 1 Instructional Planning (Formative Results/FAIR)	15 Possible Intervention Fidelity Check	16 6-week Intervention Period #1 Ends (9/3-10/16)	17 End of 1 st grading period Continue interventions and schedule RtI PLC for data sort with FAIR-FS and adjusted I/E grouping between 10/14-10/31	18/19
20 PSLT Meeting for school-wide data review EasyCBM Assessments	21 PLC: Tier 1 Instructional Planning (Formative Results/FAIR)	Opportunities for Response to Intervention meetings (Tier 3 Team Meetings)		24 FAIR AP1 Closes	25/26
27	Opportunities for Response to Intervention meetings (RtI PLC's /Tier 3 Team Meetings)			31 RtI PLC by 10/31 Adjusted Grouping Review AP1 Screener and make I/E group adjustments by 10/31	


During the 2nd data sort “adjusted grouping” RtI PLCs will use the data triangulation documents to validate students in need of interventions. Within the first few weeks of intervention implementation, the PSLT should schedule fidelity checks. Data obtained from fidelity checks should be summarized on the fidelity walk-through checklist and provided to interventionist as part of informal feedback. Use the purple Guiding Principles for adjusted grouping sheet to drive your PLC discussion around adjusted grouping.


Section 4

MONITORING RESPONSE TO INTERVENTION

Fidelity Checks, Student Goals and Student Outcomes

Guided Steps for Reviewing Intervention Fidelity and Student Outcomes

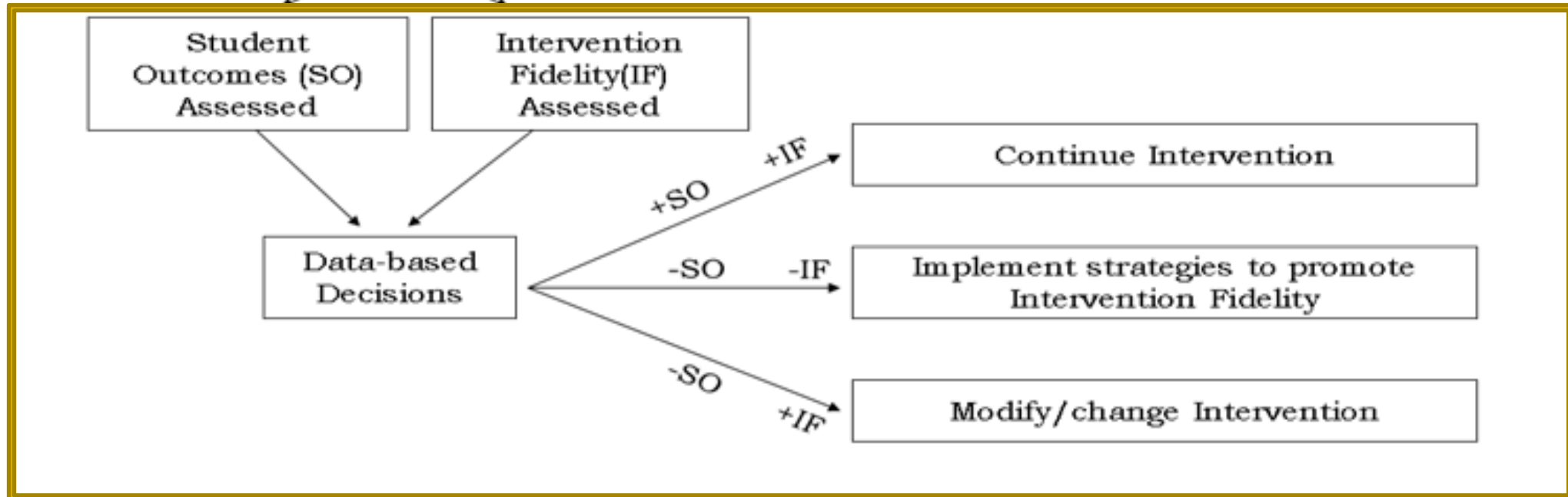
 Evidence based intervention linked to verified hypothesis planned

 Evidence based intervention implemented

SO = Student Outcomes
IF = Intervention Fidelity

+SO = $\geq 70\%$

+IF = $\geq 70\%$



Quantifying Intervention Fidelity

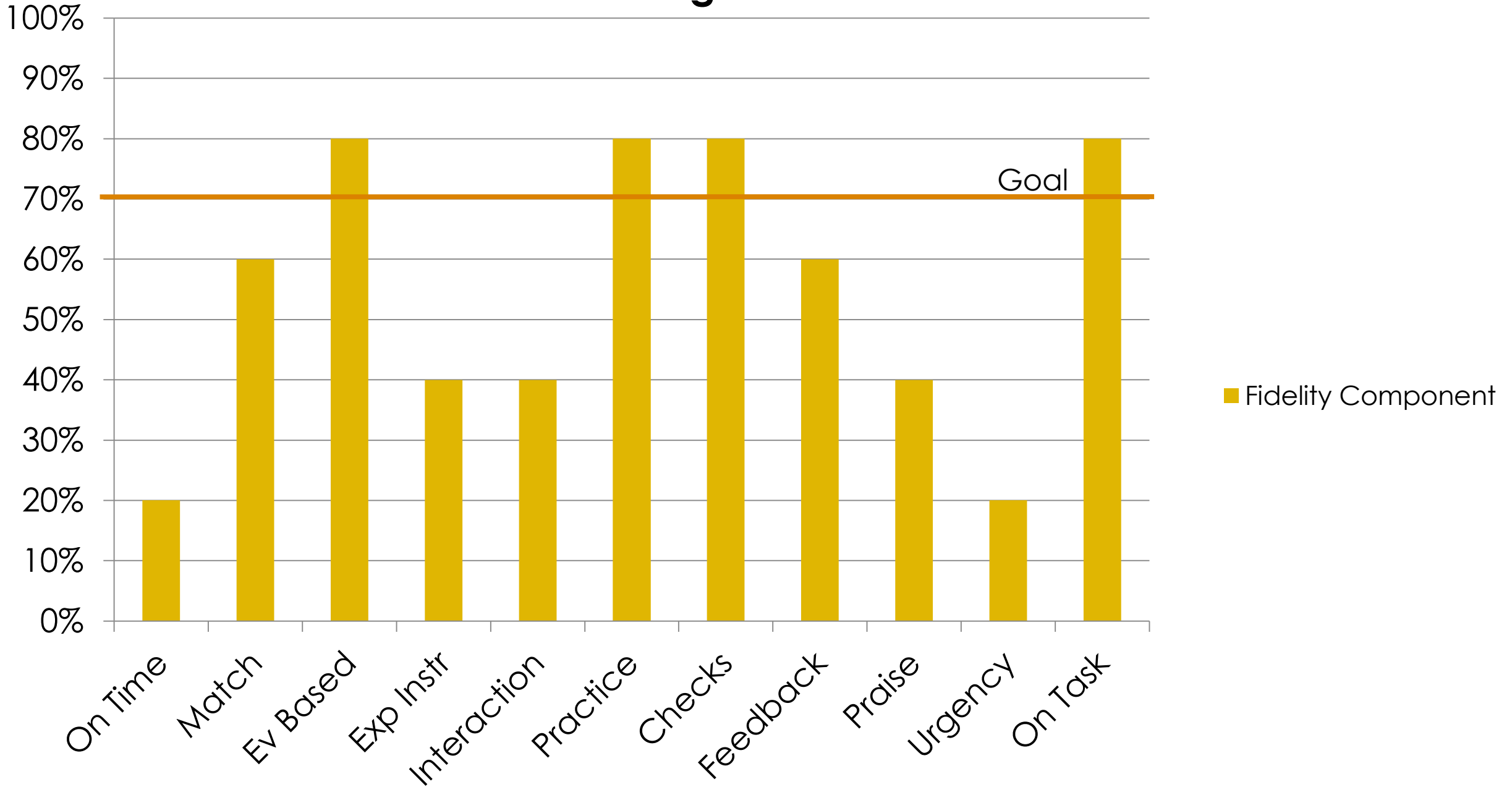
11 fundamental components:

1. Adhered to scheduled time
2. Lesson matched to identified need
3. Evidence-based lessons
4. Explicit instruction/modeling
5. High student-teacher interaction
6. Opportunities for practice
7. Checks for understanding
8. Corrective feedback
9. Instructional/Behavioral praise
10. Pacing with a sense of urgency
11. Students on-task & focused

Elementary _____ Grade Fidelity of Intervention Delivery Walkthrough (Brief Version)

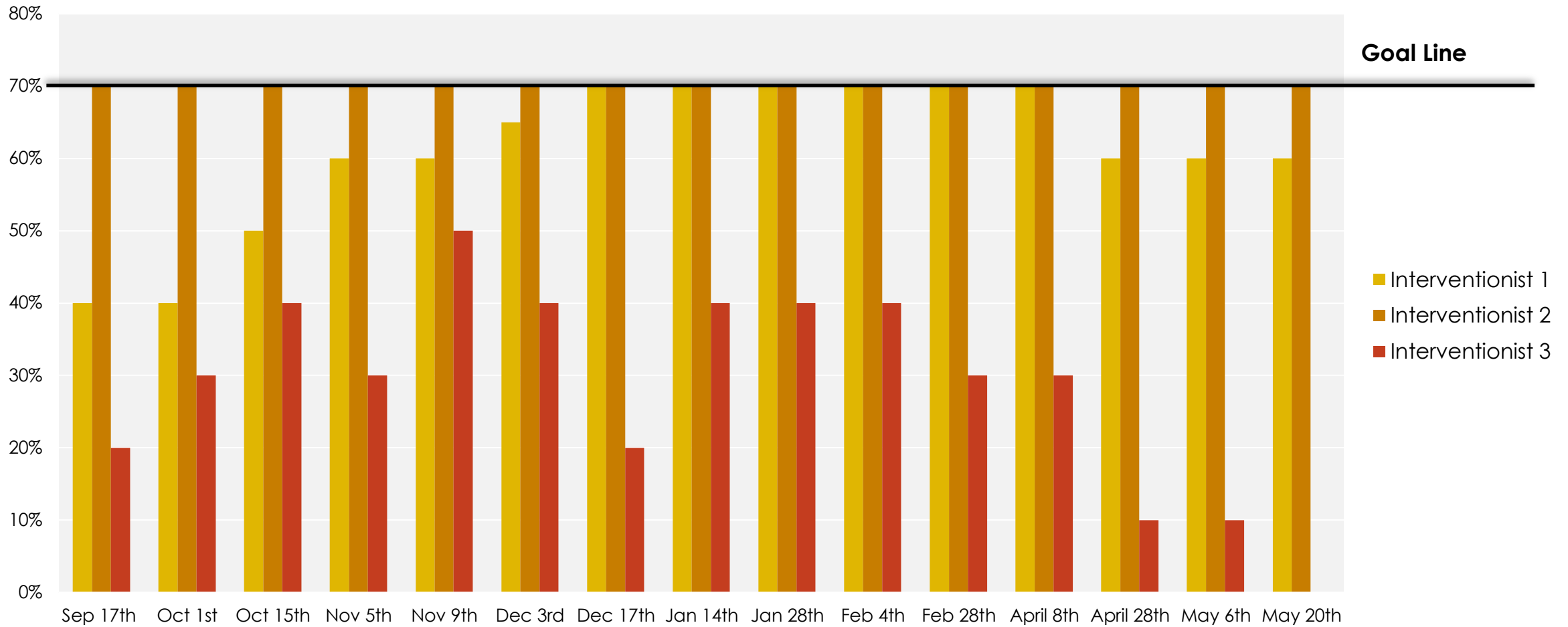
Interventionist: _____ Group size: _____ Skill focus: _____		Interventionist: _____ Group size: _____ Skill focus: _____		Interventionist: _____ Group size: _____ Skill focus: _____		Interventionist: _____ Group size: _____ Skill focus: _____	
Intervention Exposure 1. Adhered to scheduled time _____ 2. Lesson matched to identified need _____ 3. Evidence-based lessons _____ 4. Explicit instruction/modeling _____ 5. High student:teacher interaction _____ 6. Opportunities for practice _____ 7. Checks for understanding _____ 8. Immediate corrective feedback _____ 9. Instructional & behavioral praise _____ 10. Pacing with a sense of urgency _____ 11. Students on-task & focused _____ 70% Fidelity? Yes _____ No _____		Intervention Exposure 1. Adhered to scheduled time _____ 2. Lesson matched to identified need _____ 3. Evidence-based lessons _____ 4. Explicit instruction/modeling _____ 5. High student:teacher interaction _____ 6. Opportunities for practice _____ 7. Checks for understanding _____ 8. Immediate corrective feedback _____ 9. Instructional & behavioral praise _____ 10. Pacing with a sense of urgency _____ 11. Students on-task & focused _____ 70% Fidelity? Yes _____ No _____		Intervention Exposure 1. Adhered to scheduled time _____ 2. Lesson matched to identified need _____ 3. Evidence-based lessons _____ 4. Explicit instruction/modeling _____ 5. High student:teacher interaction _____ 6. Opportunities for practice _____ 7. Checks for understanding _____ 8. Immediate corrective feedback _____ 9. Instructional & behavioral praise _____ 10. Pacing with a sense of urgency _____ 11. Students on-task & focused _____ 70% Fidelity? Yes _____ No _____		Intervention Exposure 1. Adhered to scheduled time _____ 2. Lesson matched to identified need _____ 3. Evidence-based lessons _____ 4. Explicit instruction/modeling _____ 5. High student:teacher interaction _____ 6. Opportunities for practice _____ 7. Checks for understanding _____ 8. Immediate corrective feedback _____ 9. Instructional & behavioral praise _____ 10. Pacing with a sense of urgency _____ 11. Students on-task & focused _____ 70% Fidelity? Yes _____ No _____	
Notes:		Notes:		Notes:		Notes:	
Ratings: 0 = not evident 1 = evident		Number of Grade Level groups observed: _____ Percent demonstrating evidence for each component 1: _____ 2: _____ 3: _____ 4: _____ 5: _____ 6: _____ 7: _____ 8: _____ 9: _____ 10: _____ 11: _____ Percent of groups meeting 8/11 (72%) components: _____					
Areas of Strengths:				Areas of Focus/Next Steps:			

Grade Level Walkthrough Feedback for Teacher Teams



Reviewing IF data by interventionist

Intervention Fidelity Data by Interventionist



Ongoing Progress Monitoring for Determining Response to Intervention

Important Characteristics of Ongoing Progress Monitoring Measures identified in the professional literature:

- Reliable and Valid (Commercial assessments have undergone psychometric analyses to determine reliability and validity). A “teacher-made” assessment cannot be referred to as reliable nor valid if it has not undergone psychometric analyses.
- Standardized norms
- Sufficient number of alternative forms of equal difficulty
- Rates of improvement are specified
- Sensitive to improvement/small increments of growth
- Administered at regular intervals, with increasing frequency as the intensity of the intervention increases.
- Given to selected students

easyCBM

District Required Assessment Program
for Goal Setting and Ongoing Progress Monitoring

Setting Goals for Monitoring Student Outcomes (SO)

1st Grade Norms: CBM Expected Rates of Improvement:						
Measure/Skill	Total Word Gain Guidelines by 6 Week Checkpoints					
Passage Reading Fluency	6 Weeks	12 Weeks	18 Weeks	24 Weeks	30 Weeks	36 Weeks
Insufficient Growth	≤ 6 word gain	≤ 12 word gain	≤ 18 word gain	≤ 24 word gain	≤ 30 word gain	≤ 36 word gain
Reasonable Goal	8 word gain	16 word gain	24 word gain	32 word gain	40 word gain	48 word gain
Ambitious Goal	10+ word gain	20+ word gain	30+ word gain	40+ word gain	50+ word gain	60+ word gain
Word Reading Fluency	6 Weeks	12 Weeks	18 Weeks	24 Weeks	30 Weeks	36 Weeks
Insufficient Growth	≤ 6 word gain	≤ 12 word gain	≤ 18 word gain	≤ 24 word gain	≤ 30 word gain	≤ 36 word gain
Reasonable Goal	8 word gain	16 word gain	24 word gain	32 word gain	40 word gain	48 word gain
Ambitious Goal	10+ word gain	20+ word gain	30+ word gain	40+ word gain	50+ word gain	60+ word gain

Setting a Goal for Decision Making

Setting an Individual Student Goal	Example
Step 1. Define baseline	On 9/6, STUDENT 3 read 21 wcpm on a 2 nd grade passage reading fluency measure
Step 2. Define expected rate of growth	Ambitious rate using <i>CBM Expected Rates of Improvement</i> chart for 2 nd grade (60 wcpm expected growth over 30 weeks)
Step 3. Define # of weeks	30 weeks (9/3/13 to 05/5/13)
Step 4. Calculate Goal	Expected growth over 30 weeks of intervention = 60 wcpm (21+60= 81 wcpm Goal)
Step 5. Create goal line	Enter goal into easyCBM system under “Reports” tab AND review goal line appearing on graph after a minimum of 3 data points are recorded
Step 6. Evaluate response at next review point	At the RTI PLC (Response Checkpoint 1), 15 weeks of intervention had been delivered. Response was determined to be “ poor ” when using 4-point method (use <i>Rules for Analysis of Trend</i>)
Step 7. Use decision rules to determine next steps	Keep goal, modify teaching (complete fidelity check before changing intervention)

Setting the Goal within easyCBM

Goal

Student Name: student5 practice

Measure Grade: 2

Measure Type: prf

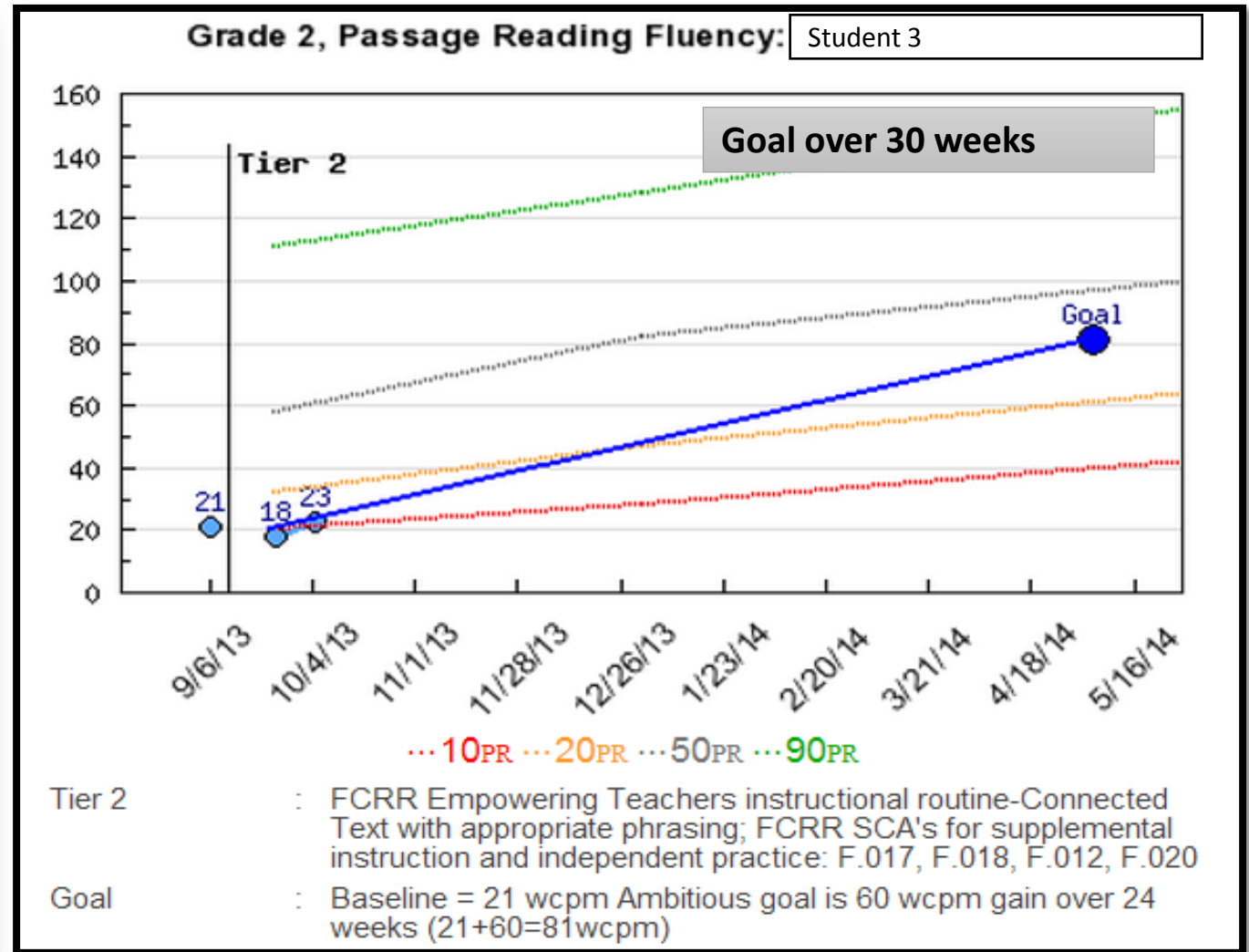
Goal Date: May 5 2014

Goal Score: 81

Goal Description: Baseline = 21 wcpm
Ambitious goal is 60 wcpm
gain over 24 weeks
(21+60=81wcpm)

Cancel

Save



BASELINE IS REQUIRED: Must have at least 3 data points entered in easyCBM for Goal Line to appear

Sample Tier 2 Group SMART Goal

Based on most recent data points from 09/8/2014, students will each improve their CBM scores on

1st grade Word Reading Fluency by 50 words correct per minute (wcpm) over the next 30

Weeks

Group Monitoring Question: Are ≥ 70% showing "Good" response?	Baseline <u>9/8/2014</u>	Expected Growth 6 weeks Intervention (10 wcpm)	Expected Growth 12 weeks Intervention (20 wcpm)	Expected Growth 18 weeks Intervention (30 wcpm)	Expected Growth 24 weeks Intervention (40 wcpm)	Goal <u>05/29/15</u> (50 wcpm)
Abby	12 wcpm	22 wcpm	32 wcpm	42 wcpm	52 wcpm	62 wcpm
Bobby	18 wcpm	28 wcpm	38 wcpm	48 wcpm	58 wcpm	68 wcpm
Debby	11 wcpm	21 wcpm	31 wcpm	41 wcpm	51 wcpm	61 wcpm
Freddy	14 wcpm	24 wcpm	34 wcpm	44 wcpm	54 wcpm	64 wcpm
Gabby	20 wcpm	30 wcpm	40 wcpm	50 wcpm	60 wcpm	70 wcpm
Robby	22 wcpm	32 wcpm	42 wcpm	52 wcpm	62 wcpm	72 wcpm

Review goal line within easyCBM to evaluate response using 4-point method.

Remember: Response is considered "good" when the 4 most recent consecutive data points are all above the goal line.

Decision Rules for Analysis of Trends

4-Point Method

If the four most recent consecutive scores are:

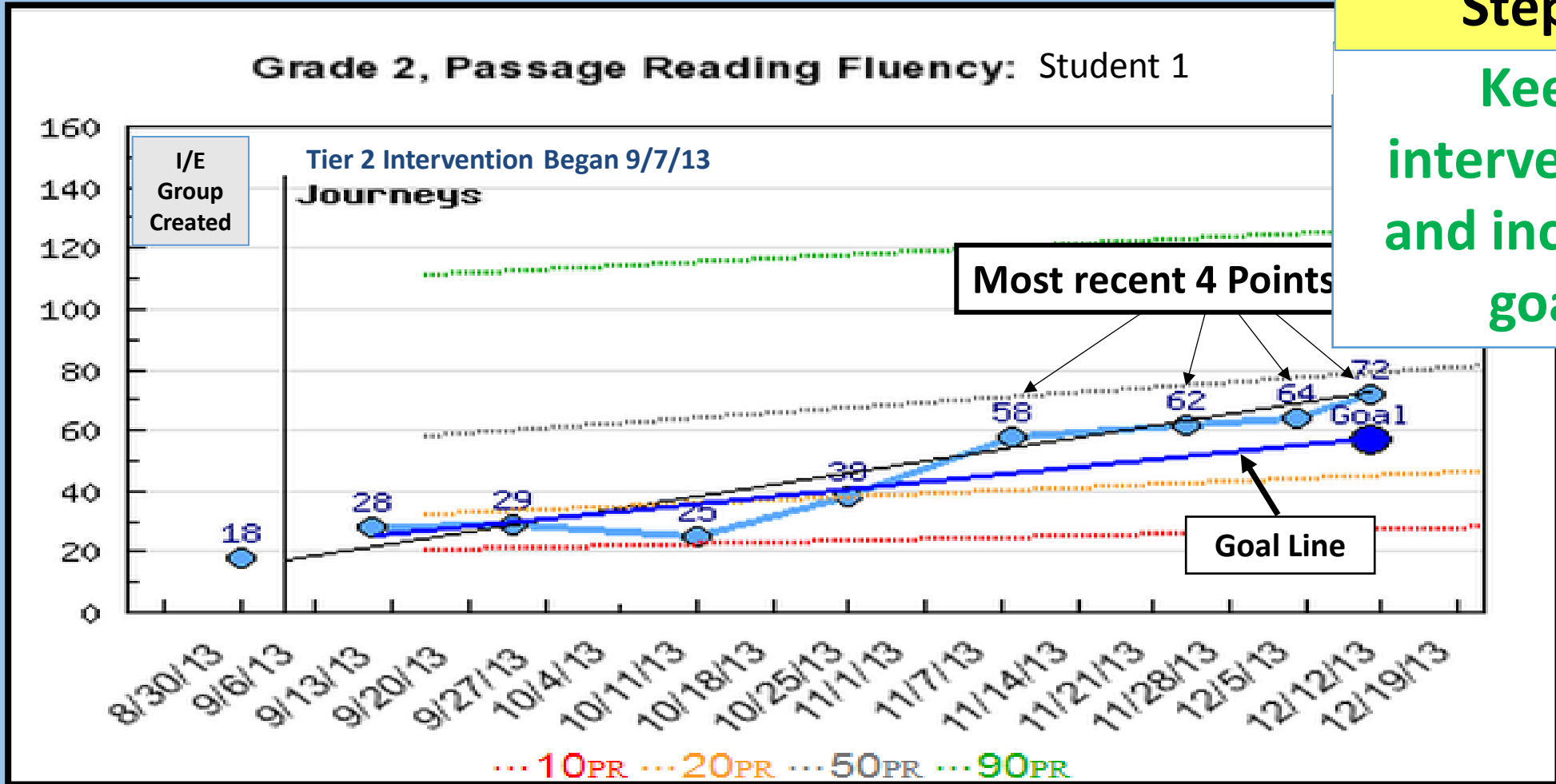
- All **above** the goal-line, keep the current intervention and **increase** goal (**Good Response**)
- All **below** the goal-line, keep the current goal and **modify** intervention (i.e., increase intervention fidelity and/or change intervention program) (**Poor Response**)
- **Neither** above or below, keep the current goal and intervention and continue to progress monitor (**Questionable Response**)



Response to Intervention: Decision Making with the Four-Point Method

PLC Next Steps?

Keep intervention and increase goal



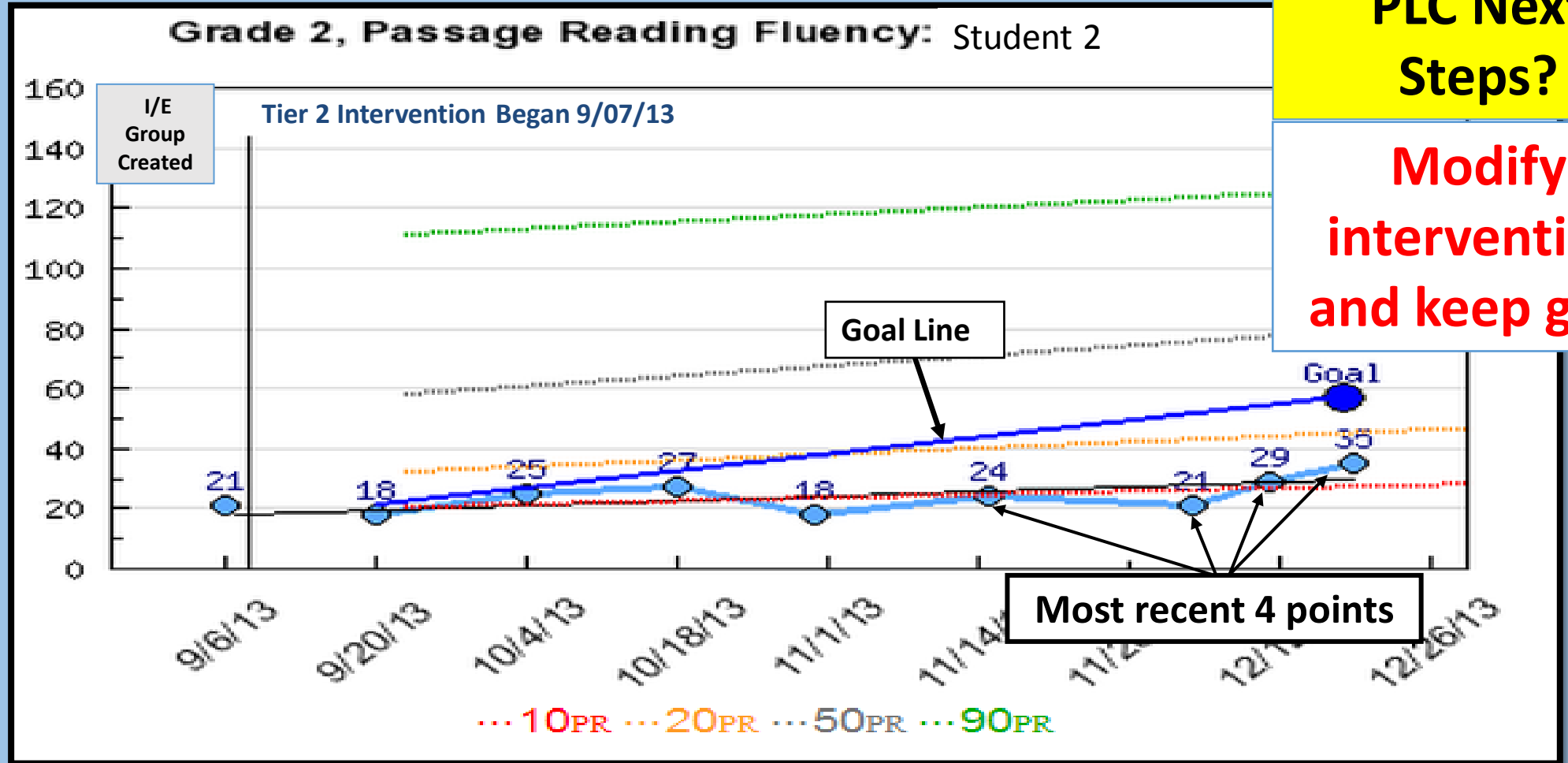
(12 Weeks of Intervention)

Good

Questionable

Poor

Response to Intervention: Decision Making with the Four-Point Method



PLC Next Steps?

Modify intervention and keep goal

Most recent 4 points

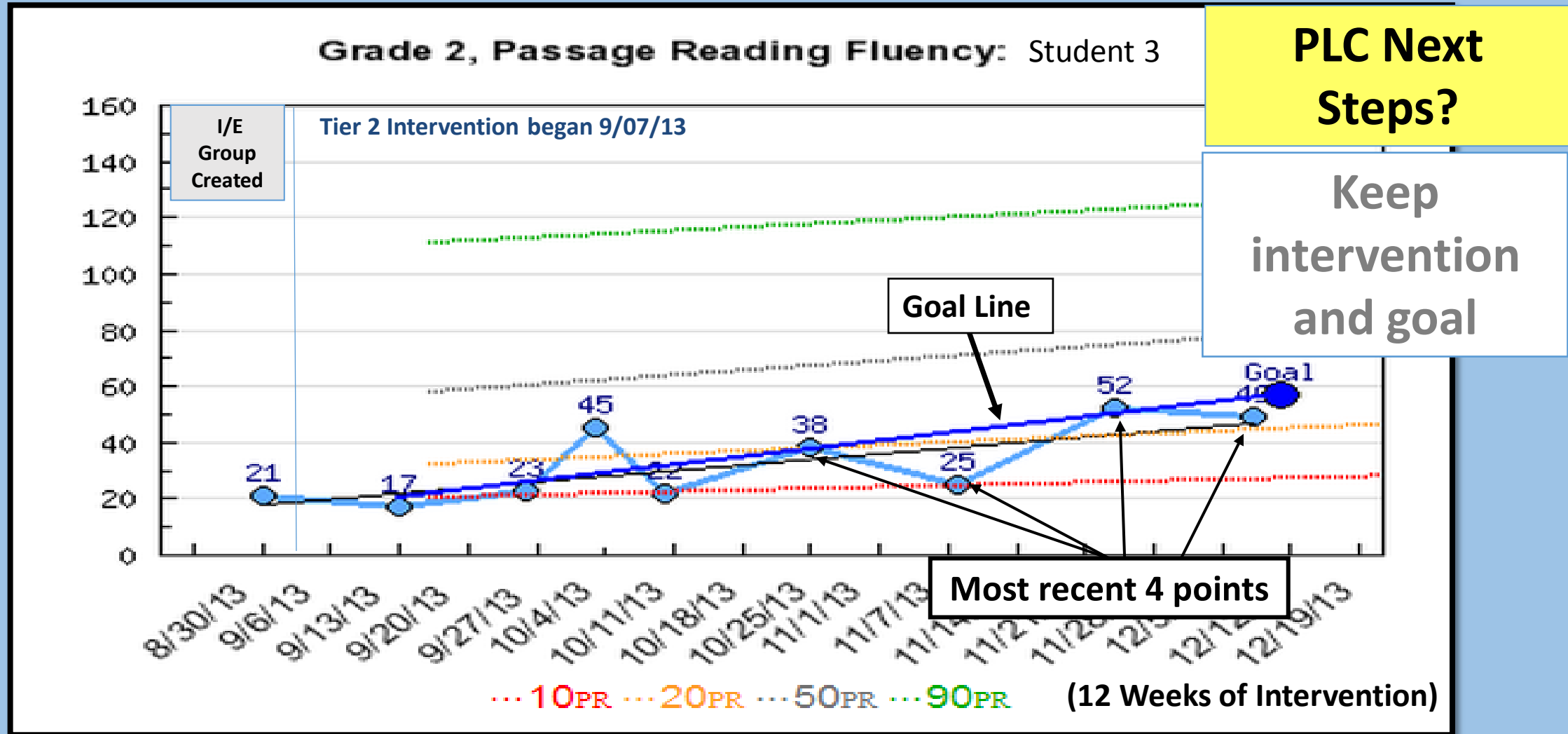
(12 Weeks of Intervention)

Good

Questionable

Poor

Response to Intervention: Decision Making with the Four-Point Method

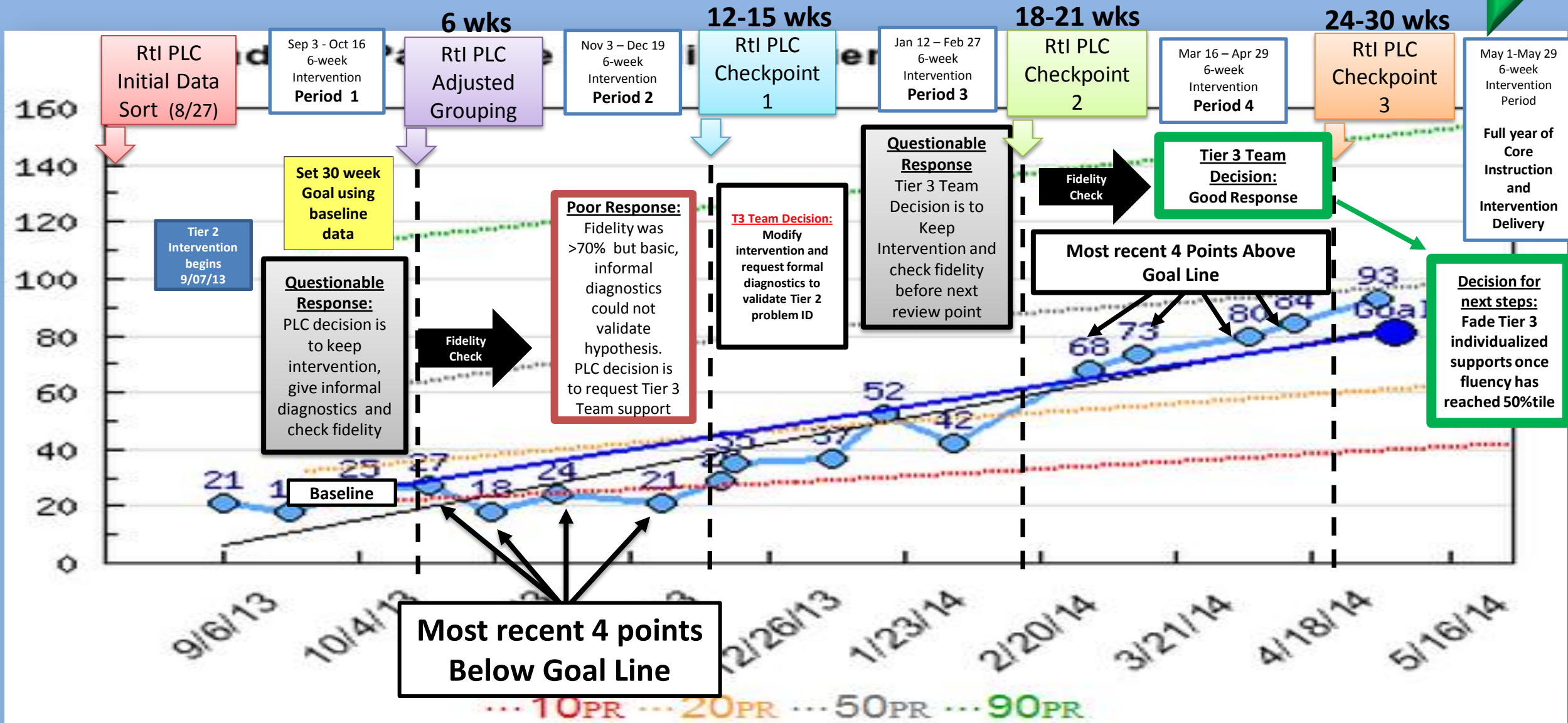


Good

Questionable

Poor

30 week Continuum of Intervention Delivery and Data-Based Decision Making



Documenting Intervention Support Electronically

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the Education Connection portal. The browser's address bar shows the URL: <https://edconnecttrain.sdhc.k12.fl.us/wps/myportal/employees/sdhc.easi>. The page header includes the "Education Connection" logo and the Hillsborough County Public Schools logo with the tagline "Excellence in Education". A navigation menu contains links for "Links/Updates", "EASI", "User Manuals", "App Admin", "Textbooks", and "Applications". A user profile for "Jeffrey Arnold" is visible with a "Log Out" button. A secondary navigation bar includes "Home", "Assessment", "Attendance", "Discipline", "ESE Forms", "Reports", "Scheduling", "School Info", and "Student Info". The breadcrumb trail indicates the user is in "Student Info > Student Notes".

The main content area is titled "Student Notes Main" and includes the following fields and options:

- School Year: 2013-2014
- School: [Dropdown]
- Role: District Staff
- Print Notes button
- Student Name: [Text Field]
- Student #: [Text Field]
- Grade Level: 06
- Current Enrollment Only:
- Begin Date: [Text Field]
- End Date: [Text Field]
- Topic: **- All -** (Dropdown menu is open showing a list of topics)
- Exclude other school notes:
- Show parent contacted only:
- Search button
- Reset button

The dropdown menu for "Topic" contains the following list of items:

- All -
- ACADEMIC ADVISEMENT/PERFORMANCE
- ACCOMMODATIONS
- ATTENDANCE
- BEHAVIOR/CONDUCT
- BRIGHT FUTURES
- CAREER ADVISEMENT/AWARENESS
- COLLEGE INFORMATION
- COMMUNITY SERVICE
- DUAL ENROLLMENT
- EARLY GRADUATION
- FLVS/HVS
- GRADES
- GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS/CREDITS
- HEALTH ISSUES
- MIDDLE SCHOOL PROMOTION
- NCAA ATHLETICS
- NIGHT SCHOOL/CREDIT RECOVERY
- PERSONAL/SOCIAL ISSUE
- SCHOLARSHIPS
- STUDENT SCHEDULE
- SUPPORT/GROUP COUNSELING
- TARDY TO CLASS
- TARDY TO SCHOOL
- TESTING

At the bottom of the page, there is a table with the following columns: "Action", "Date", "Topic", "Contact Minutes", "Parent Contacted", and "Note". A "Print Notes" button is located below the table header.

Thank you for your collaboration on this project.

Divisions/Departments

- Curriculum and Instruction
 - Elementary Education
 - School Improvement
- Assessment and Accountability
- Student Services
 - Exceptional Student Education
 - School Psychological Services
- Academic Support and Federal Programs
 - Title 1 Office
- Administration
 - Principal Coaches
- Information Technology

School Leadership Teams

- Sulphur Springs
- Claywell
- Springhead
- Bay Crest
- Graham
- Wilson
- Gibsonton

Interventions Should Always be in Addition to Quality Core Instruction

